



Ferguson Township
Stormwater Advisory Committee

Meeting No. 6 Credit Policy Discussion

Phase II
Stormwater User Fee Feasibility Study

September 4, 2019



Gannett Fleming

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Agenda

- Introductions and Agenda Review
- Credit Discussions
 - Recharge (e.g. infiltration BMPs) overview
 - Overview of policy options
- Presentation by Rob on Penn State MS4 Credit
- Service Area Discussion – cost distribution draft
- Wrap-up

Credit Options and Credit Policy Discussion



Typical Goals of Municipal Credit Programs

- To engage the public in the community's stormwater program.
- To acknowledge ratepayers' actions that reduce the long-term cost of the municipality's stormwater program.
- To encourage stormwater management on private property that help pursue municipal goals.

Credits vs. Incentives

- Credits, over time, help a community reduce the cost of the municipal stormwater program
 - Ratepayers building water quality controls
 - Ratepayers providing education workshops
 - Ratepayers certifying inspection of BMPs
 - Ratepayers reducing impacts on public drainage system
- Incentives cost the community resources to implement
 - Municipality assists in the removal of impervious surface
 - Municipality assists installing infiltration practices such as rain gardens and porous pavers
 - Municipality assists by subsidizing the cost of rain barrels

A credit program has the potential to:



Contribute to MS4
permit
compliance:

Stormwater
Management
Education
Nutrient/sediment
reduction



Improve control of stormwater flowing
from existing developed areas and
agricultural lands



Confirm ongoing function of
BMPs on private property



Enable partnerships with other water
quality permittees



Engage the public to work towards
shared stormwater goals

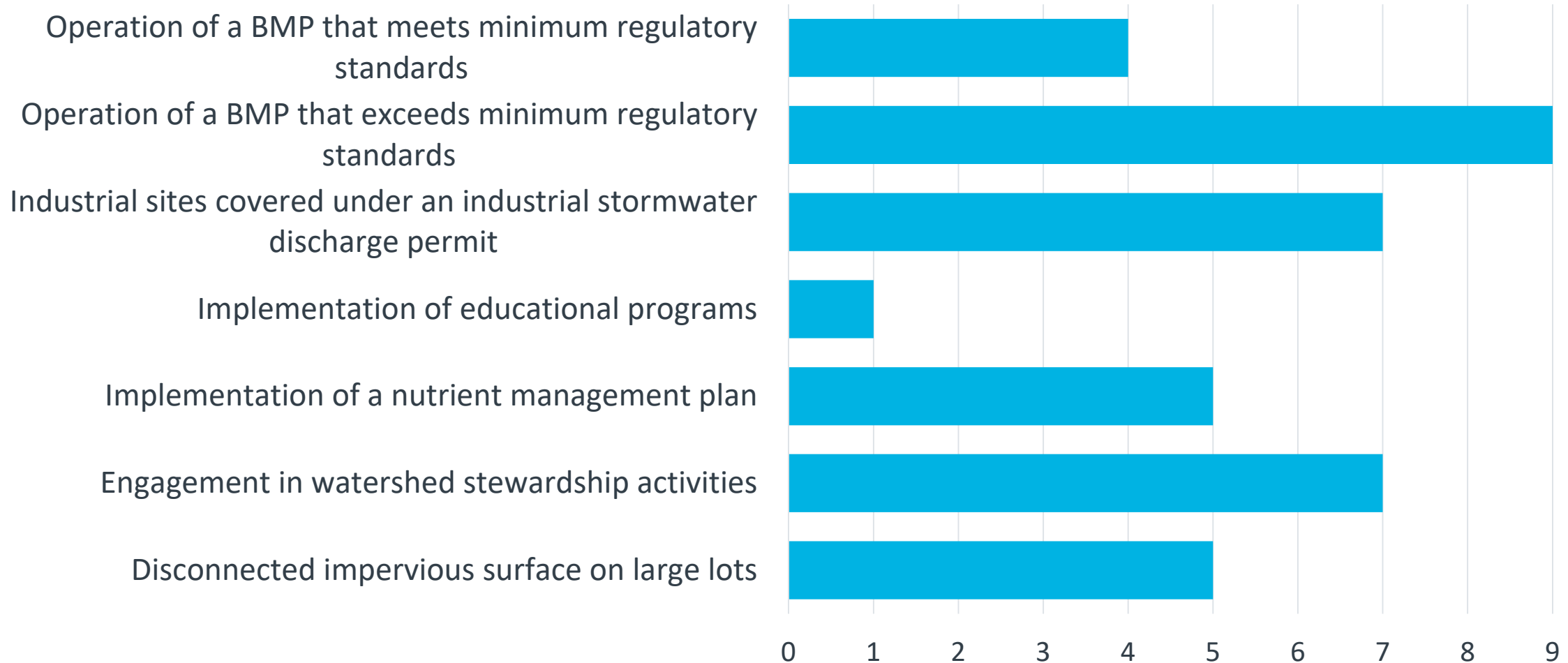


Establish new maintenance
plans for BMPs on private
property



Increase participation in stormwater
education sessions

Preliminary feedback on credit options



Municipal credit program responsibilities

- Establish the credit program
- Review credit applications
- Manage billing data
- Confirm implementation by ratepayers
- Track and renew credits
- Anticipate demand on cash flow from awarded credits
- Perform periodic review of credit program

Preliminary survey of Township administration responsibilities

SAC members feedback indicates that the Township should:

- Offer credit options to all ratepayers in the Township
- Renew credits every 3 to 5 years
- Visit some (or all) properties applying for credit
- Require ratepayers to periodically provide documentation confirming credit activities
- Regularly review the credit program

Credit Program - Setting Values

- How should the Township quantify the value of each creditable activity?
- All properties will always rely on the continuing Township's program stormwater program:
 - Transportation network
 - Flood protection
 - Permit compliance
 - Storm sewer inspection
 - Emergency response
 - Resident complaints
- Credit programs reduce the number of billing units – but the cost of the entire stormwater program does not significantly go down in short-term.
 - Credits reallocate the cost of the stormwater program to other ratepayers

What do you think Ferguson's credit program should look like?



Types of Credits to Offer Ratepayers



Engagement



Operational



Structural

Engagement Credits to Offer Ratepayers



Deliver stormwater education opportunities to target audiences



Organize water quality opportunities for public engagement

Operational Credits to Offer Ratepayers



Commit to a maintenance agreement with the Township for an existing BMP



Annually provide the Township a BMP inspection report certifying it functions as designed



Provide the Township with documentation of your property's compliance with another water quality stormwater discharge permit

Structural Credits to Offer Ratepayers



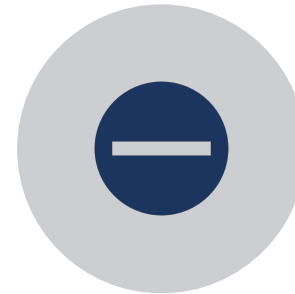
Enhance an existing BMP to promote water quality, infiltration and/or rate control



Construct a new BMP that exceeds the Township's minimum standard for water quality, infiltration or rate control



Stabilize and maintain streambanks consistent with PADEP restoration standards

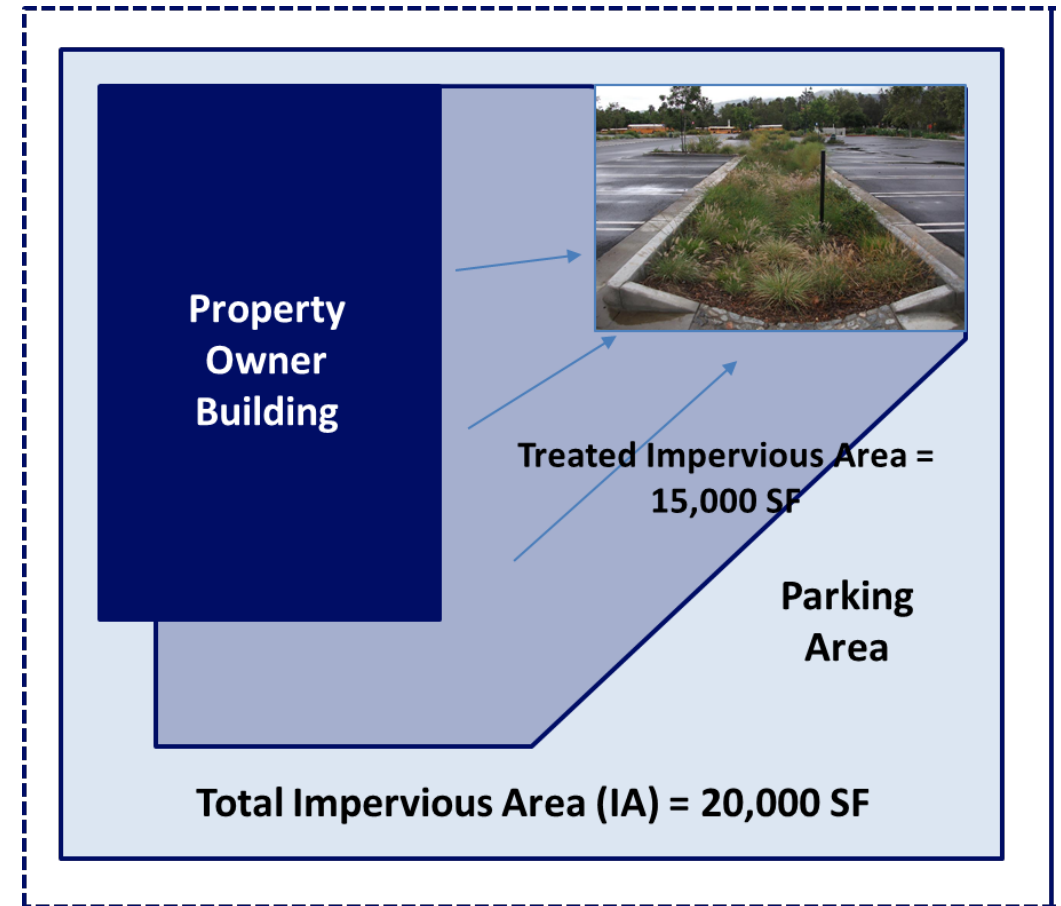


Disconnect existing impervious cover to promote infiltration

Credit calculation example

- Existing property adds a bioswale to an existing fully-paved parking lot to infiltrate runoff.
- 20 original billing units (1 per 1,000 SF of IA)
- Bioswale treats 15,000 SF of IA
- Municipality offers 40% credit for treating IA at a standard that exceeds minimum

$(15 \text{ billing units} \times 60\%) + (5 \text{ billing units} \times 100\%) = 14 \text{ billing units}$



How do we handle condos and HOAs?

- Condos and HOAs often manage a structure that treats impervious area from common areas and/or individual properties.
- Implementation options:
 - Condo/HOA applies for the credit and counts all of the impervious area draining to the structure.
 - The condo/HOA then decides how to apply that to member properties.
 - The condo/HOA addresses through their fee structure.
 - Township calculates the credit and distributes to all condo/HOA property owners before sending bills.

What is included in an application process?

- Not automatic – need some verification process.
- Simple application form.
- Additional documents may be required if the structure is not already in the Township's inventory/GIS system.
 - Certification that the structure is operating as designed
 - Drainage area map
 - Structure design plan/as-built drawing
 - Maintenance agreement
- Renewal is automatic if the structure continues to be maintained in accordance with Township credit policies.
- Renewal process defined in the credit policy (timing, documentation)

Conclusions

- Summary of recommendations:

Service Area Cost Allocation



Categories of Costs

- | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| • System-wide assessment of current conditions (key focus for new costs in Year 1-2) | SA1 – 80% | SA2 – 20% |
| • Maintenance of infrastructure throughout the Township – expanded (new crew and new equipment; increased materials/supplies) | SA1 – 90% | SA2 – 10% |
| • MS4 permit compliance (six primary permit mandates) | SA1 – 80% | SA2 – 20% |
| • CIP Implementation (current planned projects, on-going CMP lining, MS4 Pollutant Reduction Plan) | SA1 – 80% | SA2 – 20% |
| • On-going primary services (administration, engineering, data management, customer service, on-going maintenance response) | SA1 = 80% | SA2 - 20% |

Ferguson Township - Allocation of Five Year Costs by Service Area					
Service Area One	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25
Infrastructure Assessment	\$ 656,137	\$ 561,560	\$ 89,940	\$ 92,638	\$ 95,417
Maintenance - New	\$ 540,743	\$ 286,425	\$ 281,574	\$ 536,846	\$ 297,351
MS4 Permit	\$ 106,945	\$ 109,682	\$ 100,190	\$ 102,642	\$ 105,165
CIP	\$ 413,000	\$ 1,131,800	\$ 953,600	\$ 1,101,400	\$ 1,185,600
Current Operational Costs	\$ 207,028	\$ 216,225	\$ 262,016	\$ 269,194	\$ 276,567
Subtotal	\$ 1,923,852	\$ 2,305,692	\$ 1,687,320	\$ 2,102,720	\$ 1,960,101
Service Area Two	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25
Infrastructure Assessment	\$ 164,034	\$ 140,390	\$ 22,485	\$ 23,159	\$ 23,854
Maintenance - New	\$ 60,083	\$ 31,825	\$ 31,286	\$ 59,650	\$ 33,039
MS4 Permit	\$ 26,736	\$ 27,420	\$ 25,048	\$ 25,661	\$ 26,291
CIP	\$ 25,000	\$ 26,200	\$ 37,400	\$ 38,600	\$ 171,400
Current Operational Costs	\$ 51,757	\$ 54,056	\$ 65,504	\$ 67,298	\$ 69,142
Subtotal	\$ 327,610	\$ 279,891	\$ 181,723	\$ 214,368	\$ 323,727
Total Program Costs	\$ 2,251,462	\$ 2,585,583	\$ 1,869,042	\$ 2,317,088	\$ 2,283,827
Effective Proportion - SA1	85%	89%	90%	91%	86%
Effective Proportion - SA2	15%	11%	10%	9%	14%



What do you think?